



Fall Field Trips Vocabulary

Fur Trade

- **Portage** – the carrying of boats or goods over land from one body of water to another; a route for such carrying
- **Voyageur** – a workman who performed the physical labor of the fur trade
- **Trial** –the hearing and judgment of a case in court
- **Court** – a building or room where legal cases are heard
- **Flint** – a hard, dark (sedimentary) rock that produces a spark when struck by steel
- **Steel** –iron that contains carbon
- **Tow** – shredded plant material used to catch the spark that is produced by the flint and steel, normally made from dried flax, jute, or hemp
- **Metis** – children of French traders and Native women; means mixed blood/race
- **Barter** – to trade one thing for another without the use of money
- **Rendezvous** – (as a noun) a place agreed on for meeting; a place that many people visit; a planned meeting. (as a verb) to come or bring together at a rendezvous

Trial of Chief Oshkosh

Characters:

- James Duane Doty- Judge
- Henry S. Baird- Prosecuting Attorney
- Oshkosh- Defendant
- Robert Irwin Jr.- Clerk
- Meawkeshiek- witness
- Amable (Ae-ma-ble) Doveches – witness
- Michael Mecaling- witness
- Grand Jury Members

Names:

- Shawpetuck (Shaw- pu-tuk)
- Mashkewette (Mash-ke-wet)
- Okewa (O-kee-wa)
- Menominee (Me-nom-in-ee)

Farm

- **Self-sufficient** – able to take care of yourself without help
- **Implements** – a tool meant for use in work; anything needed to complete a task
- **Immigrate** – to come to a different country to live
- **Crops** – a plant or animal that can be grown and harvested
- **Belgium** – a country in Western Europe bordering the North Sea, France, Germany, the Netherlands, and Luxemburg
- **Haversack** – a bag similar to a backpack but worn over one shoulder
- **Recycle** – make waste into a reusable material; use again
- **Buttermilk** – the liquid left after the butterfat has been separated from milk or cream
- **Cornmeal** – flour ground from dried corn

Fort Howard

- **Company** - a group of soldiers; a unit made of two or more platoons
- **Matron** – woman who works in the hospital
- **Attendant** – a man who cleans the hospital and the items in it
- **Steward** – a man who works in the hospital on record keeping, keeps track of the medical instruments and medicines, overlooks the attendants' and matrons' work, and helps the surgeon
- **Mess Hall** – where patients in the hospital eat
- **Store Room** – Storage room for supplies like medicines, sheets, blankets, bed sacks, etc.
- **Dispensary** – Where the medicine is kept; where medicine is given out.
- **Slate** – a tablet of material (as slate) used for writing on
- **Musket** - a muzzle-loading gun that was once used by soldiers
- **Poultice** – moist herbs wrapped in a cloth used to get rid of pain or swelling
- **Mortar and pestle** – a set of tools used to crush or grind ingredients for eating, drinking, or using as medicine